C.1. OBJECTIVE
The objective of OASIS is to provide Government agencies with total integrated solutions for a multitude of professional service based requirements on a global basis.

These professional service requirements may call for solutions that cross over multiple disciplines, include ancillary support, and require commercial and/or non-commercial items, using a variety of contract types including fixed-price (all types), cost reimbursement (all types), time and materials/labor hour, or a hybrid mix of contract types.

OASIS is available for use by all Federal agencies and other entities as listed in General Services Administration (GSA) Order ADM 4800.2G, Eligibility to use GSA Sources And Supply; as amended.

C.2. SCOPE
The scope of OASIS spans many areas of expertise and includes any and all components required to formulate a total solution to a professional services based requirement, except for those services specifically prohibited in Section C.5. These areas of expertise include, but are not limited to the following categories.
1. Communication
2. Compliance
3. Defense
4. Disaster
5. Energy
6. Environment
7. Financial
8. Health
9. Intelligence
10. Security
11. Transportation

C.2.1. Mission Spaces
Additionally, OASIS is designed to support any and all mission spaces of the U.S. Federal Government. These mission spaces include, but are not limited to the following categories and Federal agencies.

C.2.1.1. Protection and Defense
Protecting American interests at home and abroad through security and diplomacy.
1. Department of Defense
2. Department of Homeland Security
3. Department of Justice
4. Department of State
5. Central Intelligence Agency
6. Federal Bureau of Investigation

C.2.1.2. Quality of Life
Improving the quality of life for Americans and others throughout the world.
1. Department of Education
2. Department of Health and Human Services
3. Department of Veterans Affairs
4. US Agency for International Development
5. Department of Housing and Urban Development
6. National Aeronautics and Space Administration
7. Peace Corps
C.2.1.3. Commerce
Maintaining and improving commerce and economic growth, stability and prosperity in America.
1. Department of Commerce
2. Department of Treasury
3. Small Business Administration
4. Department of Labor
5. Department of Transportation
6. Social Security Administration
7. General Services Administration
8. Federal Reserve
9. Securities and Exchange Commission

C.2.1.4. Natural Resources
Protecting America’s great outdoors and natural resources.
1. Department of Agriculture
2. Department of Interior
3. Department of Energy
4. Environmental Protection Agency
5. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

C.2.1.5. Other

Regardless of the particular area of expertise or mission space of the agency originating the requirement, OASIS may be used to support and/or improve an organization’s Program Management, Management Consulting, Engineering, Scientific, Logistics, and Financial disciplines that span all life cycle phases for a total integrated solution as depicted in the OASIS Program Architecture Illustration below.

C.2.2. Core Disciplines
For task orders placed under OASIS, professional services may be defined as those categories of services provided under one or more of the following Core Disciplines:

C.2.2.1. Program Management Services
Definition: Program Management Services includes all services related to leading, facilitating, and ensuring the strategic planning, implementation, coordination, integration, and evaluation of programmatic activities and administrative systems.
Examples: Service areas that are included under the Program Management Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:
1. Acquisition Support
2. Business Intelligence Support
3. Cost/Schedule/Performance Analysis
4. Cost Estimation and Analysis
5. Cost/Performance Trade-Off Analysis and Studies
6. Earned Value Management (EVM) Analysis
7. E-Business Support
8. Information Analytics
9. Investigative Services
10. Program Management
11. Integrated Program Management
12. Program Documentation
13. Project Management
14. Regulatory Compliance
15. Risk Assessment and Mitigation
16. Integration of Support Systems
17. Planning, Programming, Budgeting, and Execution Processes
18. Capabilities Integration and Development
19. Manpower Estimating
20. Stakeholder Requirements Analysis
21. Decision Analysis
22. Technical Planning
23. Technical Assessment
24. Requirements Management
25. Risk Management
26. Configuration Management
27. Technical Data Management
28. Interface Management
29. Intelligence Analysis
30. Threat Analysis
31. Knowledge Based Acquisition
32. Vulnerability Assessment
33. Counterintelligence Support
34. Horizontal Protection

C.2.2.2. Management Consulting Services
Definition: Management Consulting Services includes all services related to the practice of helping organizations to improve their performance, primarily through the analysis of existing organizational problems and development of plans for improvement.
Examples: Service areas that are included under the Management Consulting Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:
1. Business Process Reengineering
2. Business Case Development Support
3. Change Management
4. Concept Development and Requirements Analysis
5. Cost/Schedule/Performance Improvement
6. Information Analytics
7. Knowledge Management
8. Relations and Coordination with Law and Policy Making Entities
9. Social Media Consulting
10. Tactical and Readiness Planning
11. Technical Advisory Services
12. Training and Facilitation
13. Strategic Planning
14. Strategic Forecasting
15. Long-Range Planning, Futures, and Forecasting
16. Strategy Development

C.2.2.3. Scientific Services
Definition: Scientific Services includes all services that are primarily involved in the application of comprehensive scientific and professional knowledge in planning, conducting, evaluating, and managing fundamental research, knowledge enhancement, and/or technology development and innovation.
Service areas that are included under the Scientific Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:
1. Environmental Sciences
2. Engineering Sciences
3. Life Sciences
4. Physical Sciences
5. Psychological Sciences
6. Mathematical Sciences
7. Social Sciences
8. Decision Support Sciences

C.2.2.4. Engineering Services

Definition: Engineering Services includes any service or creative work, the adequate performance of which requires education, training and experience in the application of special knowledge in consulting, investigating, evaluating, planning and designing, engineering principles. Engineering Services covered by the Brooks Architect-Engineers Act (40 U.S.C. 1102) are not covered in the primary scope of OASIS.

Examples: Service areas that are included under the Engineering Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:

1. Systems Engineering
2. Advanced Technology Pilots and Trials
3. Alternative Energy Sources and Engineering
4. Configuration Management
5. Concept Development
6. Design Documentation and Technical Data
7. Energy Services to include Management Planning and Strategies, Audit Services and Metering
8. Engineering (Aeronautical, Astronautical, Chemical, Electrical, Mechanical, Metallurgy/Materials, etc.)
9. Engineering Process Improvement
10. Environmental Management
11. Environmental Consulting and Remediation
12. Human Factors/Usability Engineering
13. Independent Verification And Validation
14. Integration
15. Interoperability
16. Life Cycle Management
17. Modeling and Simulation
18. Natural Resources Management
19. Operation and Maintenance or Direct Support of an existing Weapon System or Major System
20. Prototyping and Fabrication Support
21. Quality Assurance
22. Red Teaming and Wargaming
23. Requirements Analysis
24. System Design
25. System Integration
26. System Safety Engineering
27. Test and Evaluation
28. Technical Documentation
29. Mission Assurance
30. Data Analytics
31. Architecture Design
32. System Verification and Validation
33. Human Systems Integration
34. Baseline (Configuration) Management
35. Data Management
36. Risk Management
37. Technical Planning
38. Systems Engineering Training
39. System Security and Information Assurance
40. System Effectiveness and Analysis
41. Launch Processing and Verification
42. Software Development (for non-IT requirements)
43. Software Independent Verification and Validation (for non-IT requirements)
44. Radar Engineering
45. Optical Engineering
46. Communications Engineering

C.2.2.5. Logistics Services
Definition: Logistics Services includes the management of the flow of resources, not only goods, between the point of origin and the point of destination in order to meet the requirements of organizations. Logistics services involves the integration of information, transportation, inventory, warehousing, material handling, packaging, security, and any other function necessary to the flow of resources.
Examples: Service areas that are included under the Logistic Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:
1. Analysis and Recommendation of Support Equipment
2. Deployment Logistics
3. Disaster Management/Contingency Operations
4. Distribution and Transportation Logistics Services
5. Infrastructure Services Including Transportation and Delivery
6. Integrated Logistics Support (ILS) Technical Requirement Creation
7. ILS Risk Assessments
8. ILS Schedules Creation and Performance Tracking
9. Inventory Management
10. Logistical Studies and Evaluations
11. Logistics Design
12. Logistics Management and Support Services
13. Logistics Operations Support
14. Logistics Operations and Maintenance
15. Logistics Optimization
16. Logistics Training Services
17. Repair and Alteration
18. Security
19. Supply Chain Management and Provisioning
20. Value Chain Management
21. Technology and Industrial Base Analysis
22. Test Range Support
23. Life Cycle Sustainment
24. Supportability Analysis and Implementation
25. Integrated Logistics Support

C.2.2.6. Financial Management Services
Definition: Financial Management Services includes the planning, directing, monitoring, organizing, and controlling of the monetary resources of an organization.
Examples: Service areas that are included under the Financial Management Services discipline include but are not limited to the following:
1. Budget Analysis and Tracking
2. Business Information Services
3. Cost Estimating and Analysis Support
4. Cost Performance Risk Assessments
5. Disbursement and Reconciliation Support  
6. Financial and Financial Risk Analysis  
7. Financial Management, Accounting, and Auditing Services  
8. Impact Statement Development  
9. Program Management for Financial Services  
10. Program Objective Memorandum (POM) Creation And Documentation  
11. Oversight and Fraud Detection  
12. Safeguarding Personal Data  
13. Loan Management  
14. Grant Management  
15. Economic Analysis  
16. Return on Investment Analysis  
17. Life Cycle Cost Determination  
18. Total Ownership Cost Determination  
19. Affordability Analysis  
20. Analysis of Cost Alternatives  
21. Should-Cost Determinations

C.3. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY AND NON-INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY  
Information Technology (IT), by legal definition, means any equipment, or interconnected system(s) or subsystem(s) of equipment that is used for the automatic acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by the agency. For purposes of this definition, equipment is used by an agency if the equipment is used by the agency directly or is used by a Contractor under a contract with the agency that require its use; or to a significant extent, its use in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product.

IT is considered an ancillary support service or product on OASIS task orders and may be performed only when the service or product is integral and necessary to complete a total integrated solution under a professional service based requirement within the scope of OASIS.

“Non-IT” includes any service or equipment that is acquired by a Contractor incidental to a contract or contains imbedded IT that is used as an integral part of the service or product, but the principal function of which is not the acquisition, storage, analysis, evaluation, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information. (For example, HVAC (heating, ventilation, and air conditioning) equipment, such as thermostats or temperature control devices, and medical equipment where IT is integral to its operation, is non-IT).

Non-IT also includes any equipment or services related to a National Security System. The term “National Security System” means a telecommunications or information system operated by the Federal Government, the function, operation, or use of which involves intelligence activities, cryptologic activities related to national security, command and control of military forces, equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or, is critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions, not including a system to be used for routine administrative and business applications (including payroll, finance, logistics, and personnel management applications).

Non-IT may include imbedded IT components including software, IT hardware, and other items and services traditionally considered IT on IT requirements.

Non-IT professional services are not considered ancillary support services. Non-IT professional services are considered to be within the primary scope of OASIS.

C.4. ANCILLARY SUPPORT SERVICES  
Ancillary support services is defined as services not within the scope of OASIS that are integral and necessary to complete a total integrated solution under a professional service based requirement within the scope of OASIS.
Ancillary support services may include, but are not limited to other professional and/or non-professional services; commercial and/or non-commercial items; IT services and/or components, administrative support; data entry; and, subject matter expertise.

The OCO may allow and the Contractor may propose a labor category or labor categories at the task order level not identified in Section J.1., provided that the Contractor complies with all applicable contract clauses and labor laws, including the Service Contract Act or the Davis Bacon Act, if applicable.

C.4.1. Ancillary Support Services for Information Technology
When providing ancillary support for IT services and/or components, the Contractor shall promote IT initiatives and best practices that support Federal Government operational requirements for standardized technology and application service components. This shall facilitate integration requirements for broad Federal IT and E-Gov initiatives, as well as promote the sharing, consolidation, and re-use of business processes and systems across the Federal Government. The Contractor shall promote the use of open source solutions and open technology development where practicable to enable this re-use.

C. 5. SERVICES NOT IN SCOPE
The OCO must not issue a task order and a Contractor shall not accept or perform work for the following services when the predominant task order scope of work is:

1. An ancillary support service as defined in Section C.4.
2. A requirement that primarily uses employees not employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity as defined in 29 CFR Part 541 and/or employees primarily employed as labor or mechanics as defined in FAR Subpart 22.401
3. Inherently Governmental Functions as defined in FAR Subpart 2.101
4. Personal Services as defined in FAR Subpart 2.101
5. Architect & Engineering (A&E) Services as defined in FAR Subpart 2.101 and subject to the Brooks Architect-Engineers Act (40 U.S.C. 1102)